

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ALLOCATING PROCESSOR RESOURCES IN A LOGICALLY PARTITIONED COMPUTER SYSTEM

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A processor allocation mechanism for a logically partitionable computer system allows
an administrator to specify processing capability allocable to each partition as an equivalent
number of processors, where the processing capability may be specified as a non-integer
value. This processing capability value is unaffected by changes to the processing capability
values of other partitions. The administrator may designate multiple sets of processors,
10 assigning each physical processor of the system to a respective processor set. Each logical
partition is constrained to execute in an assigned processor set, which may be shared by more
than one partition. Preferably, the administrator may designate a logical partition as either
capped, meaning that a partition can not use excess idle capacity of the processors, or
uncapped, meaning that it can.